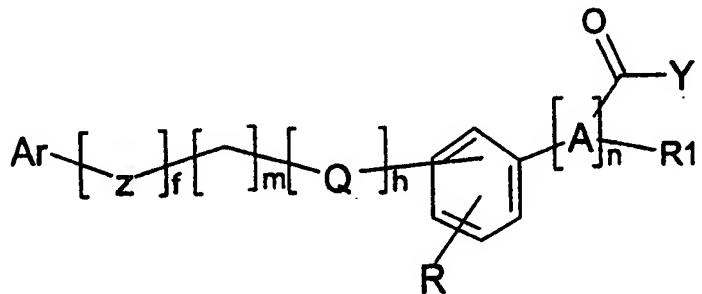


**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (currently amended) A compound of Formula (I)-compounds:



I

where:

A is ~~CXCH~~; alkanylilidene with 2 to 4 carbon atoms, particularly ~~CH<sub>2</sub>-CH~~; or  
alkenylilidene with 2 to 4 carbon atoms, particularly ~~CH=C~~;

Ar is ~~phenyl~~  
~~monocyclic or bicyclic C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> aryl or heteroaryl~~, containing one or more  
~~heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen and sulphur~~,  
~~possibly optionally substituted by halogens, NO<sub>2</sub>, OH, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl and alkoxy~~, said alkyl and  
~~alkoxy possibly optionally substituted by at least one halogen; monocyclic, bicyclic or tricyclic~~  
~~arylalkyl or heteroarylalkyl containing one or more heteroatoms selected from the group~~  
~~consisting of nitrogen, oxygen and sulphur, where the alkyl residue contains from 1 to 3 carbon~~

~~atoms, said arylalkyl or heteroarylalkyl possibly substituted by halogens, NO<sub>2</sub>, OH, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl and alkoxy,~~

~~said alkyl and alkoxy possibly substituted by at least one halogen;~~

f is the number 0 or 1;

h is the number 0 or 1;

m is a whole number from 0 to 3;

n is the number 0 or 1 and if n is 0, R<sub>1</sub> is absent, and COY is directly bound to benzene);

Q and Z, which may be the same or different, are selected from the group consisting of NH, O, S, NHC(O)O, NHC(O)NH, NHC(O)S, OC(O)NH, S(CO)NH, C(O)NH, and NHC(O);

R is selected from R<sub>2</sub>, and OR<sub>2</sub>;

R<sub>1</sub> is selected from H, COW, SO<sub>3</sub>-, OR<sub>3</sub>, =O, CN, and NH<sub>2</sub>, NHCO(C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)Ar, where Ar may possibly be substituted by halogens, NO<sub>2</sub>, OH, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl and alkoxy, said alkyl and alkoxy possibly substituted by at least one halogen;

R<sub>2</sub> is selected from H, or a straight or branched C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, possibly optionally substituted by at least one halogen;

R<sub>3</sub> is selected from H, straight or branched C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, possibly optionally substituted by at least one halogen, (C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)ArCH<sub>2</sub>, where Ar is possibly substituted by halogens, NO<sub>2</sub>, OH, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl and alkoxy, said alkyl and alkoxy possibly substituted by at least one halogen;

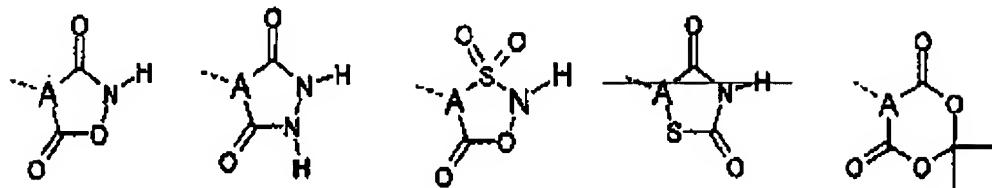
W is selected from OH, OR<sub>4</sub>, and NH<sub>2</sub>;

R<sub>4</sub> is straight or branched C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl;

Y is selected from OH, OR<sub>5</sub>, and NH<sub>2</sub>;

R<sub>5</sub> is straight or branched C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl;

or A, COY and R1 together form a cycle of the type:



their pharmacologically acceptable salts, racemic mixtures, individual enantiomers, geometric isomers or stereoisomers, and tautomers.

2. (Currently Amended) A Compound according to claim 1, in which Ar is a heteroaryl, ~~preferably containing nitrogen as the heteroatom~~, and ~~preferably~~ optionally f is 0, m is 1 or 2, Q is oxygen, and R is hydrogen.

3. (Currently Amended) A Compound according to claim 1, in which Ar is an aryl, ~~possibly~~ optionally substituted by one or more halogen atoms, alkyl, alkoxy or lower haloalkyl, nitro, mono- or di-alkylamine, and preferably f is 0, m is 0, 1 or 2, Q is oxygen or HNC(O)O, and R is hydrogen.

4. (currently Amended) A Compound according to claim 1, where R<sub>1</sub> is COW.

5. (Currently Amended) A Compound according to claim 1, selected from the group consisting of:

- i. ~~Diethyl 4-[2-(1-indolyl)ethoxy]benzylidenemalonate;~~
- ii. ~~Diethyl 4-[2-(1-indolyl)ethoxy]benzylmalonate;~~
- iii. ~~Dimethyl 4-[2-(1-indolyl)ethoxy]benzylidenemalonate;~~
- iv. ~~Dimethyl 4-[2-(1-indolyl)ethoxy]benzylmalonate;~~
- v. ~~4-[2-(1-indolyl)ethoxy]benzylmalonic acid;~~
- vi. ~~Methyl (2S)-amino-2-[4-[2-(1-indolyl)ethoxy]phenyl]-acetate;~~
- vii. ~~Methyl 4-[2-(1-indolyl)ethoxy]benzoate;~~
- viii. ~~Methyl 3-[4-[2-(1-indolyl)ethoxy]phenyl]propanoate;~~
- ix. ~~Methyl 2-[4-[2-(1-indolyl)ethoxy]phenyl]acetate;~~
- x. ~~Methyl 2-sulpho-2-[4-[2-(1-indolyl)ethoxy]phenyl]acetate sodium salt;~~
- xi. ~~Methyl (S)-2-benzoylamino-2-[4-[2-(1-indolyl)ethoxy]phenyl]acetate;~~
- xii. ~~Methyl 2-hydroxy-3-[4-[2-(1-indolyl)ethoxy]phenyl]propanoate;~~
- xiii. ~~Dimethyl 4-[2-[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]ethoxy]benzylmalonate;~~
- xiv. ~~Methyl 3-[4-[2-(1-indolyl)ethoxy]phenyl]-2-cyano-propenoate;~~
- xv. ~~Methyl 3-[4-[2-(1-indolyl)ethoxy]phenyl]-2-cyano-propanoate;~~
- xvi. ~~Dimethyl 4-[2-(3-indolyl)ethoxy]benzylidenemalonate;~~
- xvii. ~~Dimethyl 4-[2-(1-naphthyl)ethoxy]benzylmalonate;~~
- xviii. ~~Dimethyl 4-[2-(2-pyridyl)ethoxy]benzylmalonate;~~
- \*xix. ~~Dimethyl 4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)ethoxy]benzylmalonate;~~

- xx. 5-[4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)ethoxy]phenylmethylene]-thiazolidine-2,4-dione;
- xxi. 5-[4-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)ethoxy]phenylmethyl]thiazolidine-2,4-dione;
- xxii. Dimethyl 3-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)ethoxy]benzylmalonate;
- xxiii. Dimethyl 3-[2-(phenyl)ethoxy]benzylmalonate;
- xxiv. Dimethyl 3-[N-(4-trifluoromethylbenzyl)carbamoyl]-4-methoxybenzylmalonate;
- xxv. Dimethyl 4-methoxy-3-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)ethoxy]benzyl-malonate;
- xxvi. Dimethyl 3-(2-phenylethoxy)-4-methoxy benzylmalonate;
- xxvii. Dimethyl 4-[2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethoxy]benzylmalonate;
- xxviii. Dimethyl 4-[3(4-methoxyphenyl)propyloxy]benzyl-malonate;
- xxix. ~~Dimethyl 4-[2-(2-naphthyl)ethoxy]benzylmalonate;~~
- xxx. (2S)-2-benzoylamino-3-[4-[(4-methoxybenzyl)-carbamoyl]-oxyphenyl]ethyl propanoate;
- xxxi. Dimethyl 4-[(4-methoxybenzyl)carbamoyl]oxy]benzyl-malonate;
- xxxii. Dimethyl 4-[(4-trifluorotolyl)carbamoyl]oxy]benzyl-malonate;
- xxxiii. Dimethyl 4-[(2,4-dichlorophenyl)carbamoyl]oxy]benzyl-malonate;
- xxxiv. Dimethyl 4-[(4-chlorophenyl)carbamoyl]oxy]benzyl-malonate;
- xxxv. ~~Dimethyl 4-[2-(pyridinio)ethoxy]benzylmalonate-methanesulphonate;~~
- xxxvi. Dimethyl 4-[(4-nitrophenyl)carbamoyl]oxy]benzyl-malonate;
- xxxvii. Dimethyl 3-[(4-methoxybenzyl)carbamoyl]oxy]benzylmalonate;

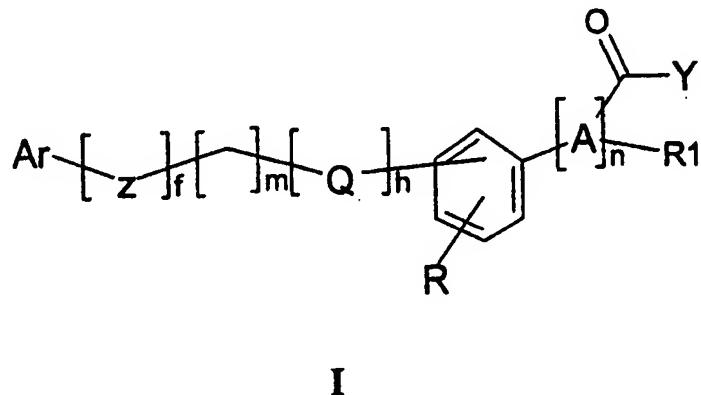
- xxxxviii. Dimethyl 3-[(4-butylphenyl)carbamoyl]oxy]benzyl-malonate;
- xxxxix. Dimethyl 4-[(4-butylphenyl)carbamoyl]oxy]benzyl-malonate;
- \*x. Dimethyl 3-[(4-chlorophenyl)carbamoyl]oxy]benzyl-malonate;
- \*xi. (Z)-2-ethoxy-3-[4-[2-(4-chloro-phenyl)ethoxy]-phenyl] ethyl propenoate;
- \*xii. (E)-2-ethoxy-3-[4-[2-(4-chloro-phenyl)ethoxy]-phenyl]ethyl propenoate;
- \*xiii. (R,S)-2-ethoxy-3-[4-[2-(phenyl)ethoxy]phenyl]ethyl propanoate;
- \*xiv. (R,S)-2-ethoxy-3-[4-[2-(4-chloro-phenyl)ethoxy]-phenyl]-methyl propanoate;
- \*xv. ~~Dimethyl 4-[2-(2,3-dimethyl-1-indolyl)ethoxy]benzyl malonate~~
- 5-[3-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)ethoxy] phenylmethylene] thiazolidine-2,4-dione
- 5-[3-[2-(4-chlorophenyl)ethoxy] phenylmethyl]-thiazolidine-2,4-dione
- 3-[(4-methoxybenzyl)carbamoyl]oxy] benzylmalonate.
6. (canceled).
7. (currently amended) A Pharmaceutical compositionspharmaceutical composition  
containing at least one compound according to claim 1 in mixtures with pharmaceutically  
acceptable vehicles ~~and!~~and/or excipients.
8. (canceled).
9. (withdrawn/currently amended) Use of the compounds according to claim 1 for the  
preparation of a medicineA method for the prophylaxis and treatment of diabetes, particularly  
type 2, and its complications, Syndrome X, the various forms of insulin resistance and

hyperlipdaemias comprising administering to a subject in need of same an effective amount of a compound of claim 1.

10. (withdrawn/new) The method of claim 9 in which the diabetes is type 2.

11. (new) A compound according to claim 1, in which the heteroatom in the heteroalkyl is nitrogen, f is 0, m is 0, 1 or 2, Q is oxygen or HNC(O)O, and R is hydrogen.

12. (new) A compound of Formula (I):



where:

A is CH; alkanylilidene with 2 to 4 carbon atomsor alkenylilidene with 2 to 4 carbon atoms;

Ar is phenyloptionally substituted by halogens, NO<sub>2</sub>, OH, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl and alkoxy, said alkyl and alkoxy optionally substituted by at least one halogen;

f is the number 0 or 1;

h is the number 0 or 1;

m is a whole number from 0 to 3;

n is the number 0 or 1 and if n is 0, R<sub>1</sub> is absent, and COY is directly bound to benzene;

Q and Z, which may be the same or different, are selected from the group consisting of NH, O, S, NHC(O)O, NHC(O)NH, NHC(O)S, OC(O)NH, S(CO)NH, C(O)NH, and NHC(O);

R is selected from R<sub>2</sub>, and OR<sub>2</sub>;

R<sub>1</sub> is selected from H, COW, SO<sub>3</sub>-, OR<sub>3</sub>, =O, CN, and NH<sub>2</sub>,

R<sub>2</sub> is selected from a straight or branched C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, optionally substituted by at least one halogen;

R<sub>3</sub> is selected from H, straight or branched C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, optionally substituted by at least one halogen,

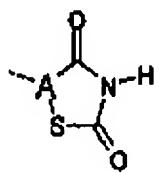
W is selected from OH, OR<sub>4</sub>, and NH<sub>2</sub>;

R<sub>4</sub> is straight or branched C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl;

Y is selected from OH, OR<sub>5</sub>, and NH<sub>2</sub>;

R<sub>5</sub> is straight or branched C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl;

and A, COY and R1 together form a cycle of the type:



their pharmacologically acceptable salts, racemic mixtures, individual enantiomers, geometric isomers or stereoisomers, and tautomers.